Fourth BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE & HOMOEOPATHIC PHILOSOPHY - I

Total Duration : 3 Hours Total Marks : 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10\times 2=20]$

- a) Mission of physician
- b) Aude Sapere
- c) Comprehensible Principles
- d) Causa occasionalis
- e) Double complex disease
- f) What happens when two similar disease meet in nature
- g) Sequential method of drug proving
- h) Intercurrent Remedy
- i) Herings Law of Direction of Cure
- j) Value of characteristic Symptoms
- k) High Susceptibility
- Paucity of symptoms
- m) · Idiosyncracy
- n) Mother Miasm
- o) Local diseases

S. H.

P.T.O.

44013A

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Knowledge of Physician.
- b) Unprejudiced observer.
- e) Suspended animation.
- d) Primary and secondary actions.
- e) Types of acute diseases.
- f) Homoeopathic method of drug proving.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Prognostic value of Homoeopathic aggravation.
- Accessory symptoms while treating one sided diseases.
- c) Intermittent fever and their types.
- d) Fifty millisimal scale.
- e) Route of administration of drugs.
- f) Mesmerism, Massage, baths.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Explain: Indisposition with examples.
- b) 'Note on local application.
- Classify and write in detail about mental diseases with general management of it.
- d) Comment: Only single simple substance should be administered at one time.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Explain: Law of dissimilars with precise examples, what happens when two dissimilar natural diseases meet together in one person. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Write a note on Theory of chronic disease and give five symptoms each of Psora, Syphilis and Sycosis. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Define: Second prescription. Explain when the following are given as second prescription-Antidote. Complementary, Placebo. Give importance of second prescription in Homoeopathy. [1 × 20 = 20]







Fourth BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE & HOMOEOPATHIC PHILOSOPHY - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary!
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define Miasm
- b) Define chronic Diseases*
- Skin of psora
- d) Syphilitic stigma
- e) Sphere of action of Tubercular miasm
- f) Fundamental cause of disease
- g) Miasma according to Dr. Close
- h) Law of quality.
- Spiritual sickness
- j) Latent psora symptoms
- k) Primary symptom of Syphilis and its venereal transmission
- 1) Constitution of sycosis
- m) Types of schools of philosophy
- n) Sycosis overconstruction according to Dr. Roberts
- o) The scope of Homoeopathy

44013B

- 2. Write short answer (any four out of six): 0 + 1000 [4 × 5 = 20]
 - a) Write in short about discovery of Theory of Chronic diseases
 - b) What has homoeopathy to offer to young man
 - c) The psychological point of view
 - d) Write in short about Tubercular Miasm
 - e) Theory of chronic disease
 - f) The knowledge of disease
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) The selection of similar remedy
- b) Evolution of psora according to Dr. Kent
- c) Psora as deficiency
- d) Temperaments
- e) Concept of life, health and distase
- f) Venereal miasm sycosis according to Dr. Kent.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Give important features of constitution and respitatory complaints of pseudopsora according to Dr. Allen
- Explain scope and limitations of Homoeopathy according to Dr. Stuart Close along with Dake's prepositions
- Explain deflected current according to Roberts
- d) Explain syphilitic miasm according to dr Hahnemann

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- Explain role of vital force in Health. Disease. Recovery and Cure by Dr. Roberts. [1 x 20 = 20]
- 6. Write in detail Homoeopathy the science of therapeutics according to Dr. Dunham. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Write in detail about general pathology of Homoeopathy according to Stuart close.
 [1 × 20 = 20]



Fourth BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA - I

Total Duration : 3 Hours Total Marks : 100

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Write names of 2 remedies for "Time passes too slowly".
- b) Describe Natrum Sulph Tongue.
- c) Write 4 thirst less remedies.
- d) Write diarrhea of Argenticum Nitricum.
- e) Write Time Modality of Lycopodium and Colocynthes.
- f) Write 'family' and common name of Arnica Montana.
- Name 2 methods to study 'Homocopathic materia medica'.'
- Name 4 remedies of Schuessler's 12 tissue remedies,
- Write 4 remedies from 'Solanaceae' family.
- j) Write the names of Homoeopathic remedies prepared from snake venoms of
 - i) Cobra
 - ii) Rattle snake
- k) Describe Nux Moschata tongue.
- Write 2 modalities of Rhus tox.
- m) Write 4 remedies from Carbon group.
- m) Write throat complaints of Allium Cepa.
- Write 2 general modalities of Ferrum Met.

P.T.O.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Write Pulsatilla mental symptoms.
- b) Describe Baryata Carb. Baby
- c) Describe headache of Gelsemium with modalities
- d) Describe mental symptoms of Aurum Met.
- e) Describe Hypericum Per. In injury
- Write Physical General symptoms of Acetic Acid.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Describe constipation of Opium.
- b) Describe Kalmia in Rheumatism.
- c) Describe Agnus Cast. Male complaints.
- d) Explain Digitalis in dropsy.
- e) Describe gastro-intestinal symptoms of Carbo Veg.
- f) Describe respiratory complaints of Antim. Tart.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- Compare and contrast Gastro- intestinal symptoms of Nux. Vomica and Arsenic. Album.
- b) Compare and contrast Female complaints of Sepia and Platinum met.
- Write in detail guiding symptoms of Antim. Crud.
- d) Compare and contrast Thuja and Acid Nitricum Skin Complaints.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

5. Describe drug picture of Phosphorus in detail.

 $[1\times20=20]$

- Define 'Homoeopathic materia medica', Describe different ways of Study of Homoeopathic Materia Medica. [1 x 20 = 20]
- 7. Write in detail drug picture of Tabacum.

 $[1\times20=20]$

x x x

Fourth BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Write Menses of Trillium Pendulum.
- b) Write characteristic Vomiting of Valeriana officinalis.
- Write character of expectoration of stannum melallicum.
- d) Write Rheumatism of Caulophyllum.
- e) Write Abdominal Colic of Rheum Baby.
- f) Write perspiration of Sambucus Nigra.
- g) Write Haemorrhage of Crocus Sativus.
- h) Write characteristic tongue of Veratrum Viride.
- i) Write characteristic pain of Ranunculus bulbosus.
- j) Write menses of Lilium tig.
- k) Write two keynotes of Psorinum in Asthma.
- Write Backache of Aesculus hip.
- m) Write modalities of Causticum.
- n) Write vomiting of Lobelia inflata.
- Write diarrhoea of Rumex Crispus.

Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- Physostigma Eyes Symptoms.
- Onosmodium Head Symptoms. b)
- Cocculus indicus Physical generals. c)
- Crocus Sativus Physical generals. d)
- Lilium tig Mental Symptoms. e)
- Rhododendron Rheumatism.
- Write short answer (any four out of six): 3.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- Rauwolfia Serp Hypertension.
- Magnesia Carb Physical generals. b)
- Cedron Fever. c)
- Hydrocotyle Skin Symptoms. d)
- Kalmia latifolia Rheumatism. e)
- Capsicum Physical generals.
- Long answer question (any two out of four):

12 × 10 = 201

- Compare and contrast Abrotanum and Sanicula in Baby.
- Compare and contrast Blatta Orientalis and Sambucus nigra in Respiratory b) affection.
- Describe Sabina female in detail. c)
- Describe Head symptoms and Heart symptoms of Spigelia.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

Write drug picture of Medorrhinum.

Write drug picture of Zincum Metallicum.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$

Write durg picture of Glonoine.

Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase-II) 2019 PRACTICE OF MEDICINE - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Write 4 causes of empyema.
- b) Write four causes of Haemoptysis.
- Write four risk factors of development of COPD.
- d) 4 clinical features of Typhoid.
- e) Write four complications of Mumps.
- f) Write four Clinical features of gastro esophageal reflux disease.
- g) Write four causes of Chronic Gastritis.
- h) Write types of Hiatus hernia.
- i) Clinical features of Pellagra.
- Define wilson's disease.
- Mention four causes of Thyroid enlargement.
- Define Hashimotto's thyroiditis.
- Mention four hormones secreted by Hypothalamus.
- Mention four Clinical features of addison's disease.
- Mention causes of secondary immune deficiency.

- Write short answer (any four out of six).
 a) Pulmonary Eosinophilia.
 b) Beriberi.
 c) Cushing's Syndrome.
 - d) Dyspepsia.
 - e) Amyloidosis,
 - f) Diphtheria.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Allergic Rhinitis.
- b) Vitamin A
- c) Grave's disease.
- d) Constipation.
- e) Heat stroke.
- f) Anaphylaxis.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Write in detail Obesity.
- b) Write in detail causes of Various enlarged lymph nodes.
- c) Write in detail about Rabies.
- d) Write in details about Pneumothorax.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Write in detail about causes, clinical features, investigation, complications of Chronic Pancreatitis. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Write in detail about causes, clinical features, investigation, complications of Diabetes Mellitus.
 20 = 20
- Write in detail about causes, clinical features, investigation, complication, preventive measures of Dengue. [1 × 20 = 20]





Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 PRACTICE OF MEDICINE - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define Cyanosis and three types of it.
- b) Mention four causes of Fever with delirium.
- Mention four Cardiac causes of Chest pain.
- d) Define Water hammer pulse and 2 causes of it.
- e) Mention four risk factors of Atherosclerosis.
- f) Define Migraine and mention types of it,
- g) Define Hemiplegia and two causes of it.
- h) Define Haematuria and mention four causes of it.
- i) Mention four causes of Polyuria.
- Define Fetor hepaticus and mention two causes of it.
- k) Define Ascites and mention two causes of it.
- Mention four causes of Infantile convulsions.
- m) Define Dementia and mention four causes of it.
- n) Define Pruritus and mention four causes of it other than skin disorders.
- o) Mention causative virus of Herpes Zoster and two clinical features of it.

				_	
\sim	- 4	-	100	-4	B
- 18 18	1	24	6.1		-
·	-0	•			_

Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Renal calculi.
- b) Causes of Hepatomegaly.
- c) Infantile Diarrhoea.
- d) Describe Scabies.
- e) Psoriatic Arthritis.
- f) Mitral Stenosis.
- Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Meningitis.
- b) Nephrotic syndrome.
- c) Lichen planus.
- d) Anorexia nervosa.
- e) Portal Hypertension.
- f) Leucocytosis.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Describe Atopic eczema in detail.
- b) Describe in detail about acute renal failure.
- c) Describe Schizophrenia in detail.
- d) Describe Angina pectoris in detail.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Describe aetiology, clinical features, types, investigation and management of Epilepsy in detail. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Describe in detail about aetiology clinical features investigation and management of Ischemic heart disease.
- Define Anaemia and mention classification of it and write in detail about Megaloblastic Anaemia. [1 × 20 = 20]



Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 PRACTICE OF MEDICINE - III

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- Four Characteristic features of Hepar sulph in Allergic Rhinitis.
- b) Write four Characteristic features of Spongia Tosta in Chronic Bronchitis.
- c) Write four Characteristic features of Drosera in Cough.
- d) Write four Characteristic features of Pyrogenium in Plaque.
- e) Write four Characteristic features of Cinchona off in Malaria.
- f) Write four Characteristic features of Arsenic Alb in Gastritis.
- g) Write four Characteristic features of Nux Vomica in Hyperacidity.
- h) Write four Characteristic features of Chelidonium in Acute Pancreatitis.
- i) Write four Characteristic features of Calc carb in Beriberi.
- Write four Characteristic features of Abrotanum in Marasmus.
- k) Write four Characteristic features of Iodum in Goiter.
- Write four Characteristic features of Baryta carb in Hypothyroidism.
- m) Write four Characteristic features of Natrum Muriaticum in Hodgkin's disease.
- m) Write four Characteristic features of Ferrum met in Iron Deficiency Anaemia.
- Write four Characteristic features of Glonine in Heat Stroke.

04801C

Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $\{4 \times 5 = 20\}$

- a) Antimonium Tart in Bronchial Asthma.
- b) Podophyllum in Diarrhoea.
- c) Ranunculus bulbosus- Herpes zooster.
- d) Ferrum phos Aplastic Anaemia.
- e) Borax-Stomatitis.
- Arsenicum Iodiatum-Hodgkins Disease.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Phosphorus Scurvy.
- b) Pulsatilla Mumps.
- c) Calc Phos Tetany.
- d) Ceanothus Leukaemia
- e) Syzygium Jambolunum Diabetes mellitus.
- f) Acalypha Indica Phthisis.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Hypertension of Aconite Nap and Digitalis.
- b) Hemiplegia of Causticum and Plumbm met.
- c) Urinary Tract Infection of Cantheris and Berberis vul.
- d) Lumbar Spondylosis Rhus tox and Hypericum.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Write in detail Homoeopathic approach of Epilepsy with scope and limitations, acute prescribing, chronic prescribing, auxiliary measures and indications of two remedies for the same.
 [1 × 20 = 20]
- Write in detail Homoeopathic approach of Angina Pectoris with scope and limitations, acute prescribing, chronic prescribing, auxiliary preventive measures and indications of two remedies for the same.
- Write in detail Homoeopathic approach of Rheumatoid Arthritis with its scope and limitations, acute prescribing, chronic prescribing, auxiliary preventive measures and indications of two remedies for the same. [1 × 20 = 20]

Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase-II) 2019 CASE TAKING AND REPERTORY

Total Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- Define case taking according to Hahnemanns instruction.
- b) What is the Pathological symptom. Give example.
- c) Write four examples of Card Repertory.
- d) Who has written repertory on Hering's guiding sympoms. Name the repertory.
- e) Which is the smallest section of Kent's repertory.
- Which Boericke is the author of Boericke's repertory.
- g) In which section of KENT'S repertory will you see for rubric LAMENTING.
- h) Who has written first two sections of Kent's repertory.
- i) What is the long-form of RADAR.
- Write the section, rubric, sub-rubric from Boericke repertory for symptom Weakness after acute disease.
- k) What is the Cross reference rubric for ABONDONED.
- How many remedies where considered in original T.P.B. by BOENINGHAUSEN.
- m) Give four examples of Regional repertory.
- n) When will you use rubric PODAGRA from BBCR.
- What do you understand by word REPERTORIUM.

N - 87

Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- Write about advantages & disadvantages of Software and mention ten examples.
- b) What is the concept of Totality in T.P.B.of Boenighausen?
- c) How will you proceed for Eliminating method of repertorisation?
- d) Which are the Basis of prescribing other than Repertory.
- e) Write Techniques & methods of repertorisation.
- Need & importance of Repertory.
- Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Criteria for successful Homoeopathic prescription.
- b) Dr.H.C. Allen's contribution in Repertory field.
- Repertory analysis recommended by KENT for his repertory.
- d) Describe BELL'S repertory for diarrhoea.
- e) Write importance of Determinative symptom of Boericke.
- Berridge repertory of eye.
- Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- Write about the History of CARD repertory.
- b) Describe in detail KNEER'S REPERORY.
- c) Why case taking in chronic disease is difficult?
- d) Write the relationship between Materia medica & Repertory.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

5. Write in detail about the philosophical background of T.P.B. & that of BBCR.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$

- Write about the Philosophical background. plan, construction Scope & Limitations of KENT'S repertory.
- 7. Write in detail History and evolution of repertory. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$

xxx

Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase-II) 2019 COMMUNITY MEDICINE

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define Epidemiology.
- b) Define Sporadic and Pandemic diseases.
- c) Complication of Malaria.
- d) Two screening Tests for Diabetes Mellitus.
- e) Name any two Live attenuated viral vaccines.
- Define Mean and Mode.
- g) Basal Body Temperature Method. (BBT)
- Four duties of Health Worker Female (HWF).
- i) Pie Chart.
- Write Four Functions of Health Education.
- Mention any Four Milk born Diseases.
- Any Four investigations which should be done during Ante natal care.
- n) Name Any Two Engineering measures for prevention of occupational diseases.
- Mention sources and Deficiency Disease caused by Vitamin D.
- Name any Two Differences between Shallow well & Deep well.

Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Classification of Epidemiology studies.
- b) Write in detail about Descriptive Epidemiology.
- Prevention and Control of Acute Diarrhocal Diseases.
- d) Prevention and Control of OBESITY.
- e) Write in detail about DPT Vaccine with respect to dose, mode of administration and schedule.
- f) Registration of Vital Events.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Describe "Health For All".
- b) Concept of Causation.
- c) Classification of food.
- Mention the environmental Factors, Symptoms and Prevention of Drug Abuse.
- e) Write in detail about Red Cross.
- f) Write in detail about Lead Poisoning.

Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- Describe Rabies in Man and Prevention of Human Rabies.
- Write about Essential Amino Acids, Functions of Proteins, Supplementary Action of Proteins & Protein Energy Malnutrition.
- Mention the various risk Factors, Signs and Symptoms, Investigations, Complications, Prevention and Control of Coronary Heart Disease.
- d) Write in detail role of Genus Epidemicus, Constitutional Medicine & Nosodes, in Prevention and Control of Diseases.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Describe in detail epidemiology of Dengue syndrome. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Mention various occupational hazards and Prevention of Occupational Diseases.
 Describe in details: [1 × 20 = 20]
- Describe in detail Factors affecting infant mortality and Preventive and social measures to reduce infant mortality rate. [1 × 20 = 20]





Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Winter 2017 ORGANON OF MEDICINE

Total Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen) :

(10×2=20)

- a) Materia peccans.
- b) Qualities of vital force.
- c) Causa occasionalis.
- d) Theory of chronic diseases.
- e) Define drug proving.
- f) Aude sapere.
- g) Isopathy.
- h) State therapeutic law of nature.
- i) Genus epidemicus.
- j) Define posology.
- k) Law of simplex.
- I) What happens when two similar diseases meet in a person?
- m) Define temperament.
- n) Enumerate different scales of potentization.
- o) Define latent psora.



Write short answer (any four out of six) :

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- a) Hering's law of cure and more management (which is a fall of the cure)
- b) Artificial chronic disease
- c) Qualities of ideal prover
- d) Suppression
- e) Law of minimum
- f) Antipathy.

Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- a) Susceptibility
- b) Individualization
- c) Symptoms of syphilis
- d) Evaluation of symptoms
- e) Magnetism
- f) Constitution.

Long answer question (any two out of four):

(2x10=20)

- a) Describe primary and secondary action in detail.
- b) Explain second prescripton in detail according to Dr.Kent.
- c) Explain various causes of disease.
- d) Explain scope and limitations of homoeopathy according to Dr. Stuart Close.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7).

5. Long answer question:

(1×20=20)

What is Case taking? What are do's and dont's of case taking? Write the Case taking in acute and chronic diseases. Write the importance of Record keeping.

Long answer question :

(1×20=20)

Define symptematology. Explain Common symptom, General symptom, Complete symptom, Key note symptom with example.

Long answer question :

(1×20=20)

What are different observations of Dr.Kent ? Explain First, Third, Eight and Eleventh observation.

Third BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA

Total Duration : 3 Hours Total Marks : 100

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

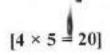
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Write rectal complaints of aloe socotrina.
- b) Write common name and prover of Aconite.
- c) Write two mental complaints of cina.
- d) Write characteristic feature of cough of Spongia Tosta.
- e) Write modalities of antimonium tartaricum.
- f) Write two guiding symptoms of borax.
- g) Write ailments from in ammonium crab.
- h) Write key notes symptoms of apocynum can.
- Describe character of discharge of Hepar sulp.
- Write key notes symptoms of bovista.
- k) Write common name and family of graphites.
- Write constitution of secale cornatum.
- m) Write the tongue of Oxalic acid.
- m) Write character of stool of veratrum album.
- Desgribe nausea of tabacum.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times 5=20]$

- a) Write gastric complaints of apis melifica.
- b) Write mental complaints of nux vomica.
- c) Write respiratory complaints of antimonium tartaricum.
- d) Write skin complaints of hepar sulp.
- e) Write fever complaints of baptisia tinctoria.
- f) Write female complaints of sepia.
- Write short answer (any four out of six):



- a) Write indications of lachesis.
- b) Write indications of equisetum in urinary complaints.
- c) Write indication of bufo.
- d) Write indication of caladium.
- e) Write Gastric complaints of Asafoctida.
- f) Write rheumatism of actea spicata.
- Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times 10=20]$

- a) Compare and contrast bryonia and Merc sol fever.
- b) Compare and contrast Graphites and kreosotum female complaints.
- Compare and contrast respiratory complaints of murex and Spongia tosta.
- d) Compare and contrast gastric complaints of Croton tig and Kalicarb.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Write drug picture of Rhus toxicodendron following headings. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
 - a) Introduction and constitution.
 - b) Guiding symptoms.
 - c) Important particulars.
 - d) General modalities.
- 6. Write drug picture of belladonna following headings.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$

- a) Parthenogenesis and constitution.
- b) Guiding symptoms.
- c) Mania.
- d) General modalities.
- 7. Write drug picture of Tabacum following headings.

- a) Introduction.
- b) Parthenogenesis and constitution.
- c) Guiding symptoms.
- d) Important particulars with general modalities.



Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Winter 2017 OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY – II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

(10×2=20)

- a) Define Precocious puberty and delayed puberty.
- b) Define Menopause.
- c) Define thelarche and menarche.
- d) Enumerate supports of uterus.
- e) Define endometriosis.
- Red degeneration of fibroid.
- g) Vesico vaginal fistula.
- h) Dyspareunia.
- i) Define infertility.
- j) Define asthenospermia and azoospermia.
- k) Define metrorrhagia and polymenorrhoea.
- I) Define Oligomenorrhoea and hypomenorrhoea.
- m) Mittelschmerz's syndrome.
- n) Enumerate the hormones secreted by the ovaries.
- o) Asherman's syndrome.



2. Write short answer (any four out of six) : $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ a) Sheehan's syndrome. b) Precocious Puberty. c) Colposcopy. d) Candidiasis. e) Temporary contraception. f) Acute cervicitis. $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ Write short answer (any four out of six): a) Cervical erosion. b) Barrier methods of contraception. c) Tests for ovulation. d) Chocolate cyst of ovary. e) Dermoid cyst of ovary. Pap smear. $(2\times10=20)$ Long answer question (any two out of four) : a) Define dysmenorrhoea. Write its types, clinical features and management in detail. b) Define adenomyosis. Write its clinical features and management in detail. c) Describe Vasectomy in detail. d) Write causes, clinical features, complications and management of pelvic koch's. Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7): (1×20=20) Long answer question : Define polycystic ovarian syndrome. Write its clinical features, complications and management in detail. (1×20=20) Long answer question : Define prolapse of uterus. Write its classification, clinical features and management in detail. $(1\times20=20)$ Long answer question :

Define fibroid uterus. Write its classification, clinical features, investigations and

management in detail.

Third BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY - III

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Argentum Nitricum for Opthalmia Neonatorum.
- b) Four remedies for convulsions in new born
- c) Hydrastis for Vaginitis.
- d) Four remedies in Retained Placenta.
- Four remedies for nausea vomiting at the smell and sight of food in hyperemesis gravidarum.
- f) Erigeron for Placenta Praevia.
- g) Bryonia for Mastitis.
- Enumerate 2 remedies for adherent placenta.
- i) Iodium for leucorrhoea.
- Alumina for Pica during Pregnancy.
- k) Borax for Leucorrhoea.
- Phytolacca for Galactorrhoea.
- m) Four remedies for false labour Pain.
- n) Gelsemium for atonic uterus.
- Thuja for chocolate cyst of Ovary.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Role of Belladonna and Apis Mellifica in Toxaemia of Pregnancy.
- Indications of Sepia and Murex for prolapse of uterus.
- Role of Sulphur and Caladium in Pruritus Vulvae.
- Role of Lachesis and Graphites in Climaxis.
- e) Role of Natrum sulph and Arnica in head injury in Neonates.
- Role of Silicea and Cantharis in Hydatidiform mole.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Role of Rhus tox and Apis mellifica for Pelvic Abscess.
- b) Role of Baptisia and Pyrogen in Puerperal fever.
- Indications of two remedies for Senile Vaginitis.
- d) Role of Arsenicum Album and Conium for Cervical erosion.
- e) Role of Nitric Acid and Hamamelis in PPH.
- Role of Cicuta and Helleborus Niger in convulsions in newborn infant.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- Define Episiotomy, what are its indications and types and give indications of 2 remedies for Perineal tear.
- b) Indications of 2 remedies for Jaundice in new born.
- Define Fibromyoma of uterus and give indications of Medorrhinum and Sabina for the same.
- Define normal labour and write indications of Gelsemium and Caulophyllum for false labour Pains.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and
--

- 5. Define Uterine Prolapse and give detail knowledge of following drugs in it $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
 - a) Aurum met.
 - b) Collinsonia.
 - c) Liliùm tig.
 - d) Podophyllum.
- 6. Define Infertility and give detail working knowledge of following drugs in it $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
 - a) Nat Carb
 - b) Borax
 - c) Thuja
 - d) Platina.
- 7. Define Asphyxia Neonatorum and give detail working knowledge of following drugs $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
 - a) Antim tart.
 - b) Carbo Veg. -
 - c) Arnica.
 - d) Laurocerasus.